

## Effect of Process Parameters on the Electrodeposition of Zinc on 1010 Steel: Central Composite Design Optimization

Mehmet Kul<sup>1</sup>, Kürşad Oğuz Oskay<sup>2</sup>, Fuat Erden<sup>1,\*</sup>, Erdem Akça<sup>2</sup>, Ramazan Katırcı<sup>3</sup>, Erkan Köksal<sup>2</sup>, Evindar Akıncı<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Sivas University of Science and Technology, Department of Aeronautical Engineering, 58050, Sivas, Turkey

<sup>2</sup> Cumhuriyet University, Department of Metallurgical and Materials Engineering, 58140, Sivas, Turkey

<sup>3</sup> Sivas University of Science and Technology, Department of Metallurgical and Materials Engineering, 58050, Sivas, Turkey

\*E-mail: [fuaterden@sivas.edu.tr](mailto:fuaterden@sivas.edu.tr)

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In the present work, we studied the effect of critical electrogalvanizing parameters on the quality of electrodeposited Zn films. The current density, electrodeposition time, and ZnCl<sub>2</sub> concentration of electrolyte were optimized to maximize current efficiency and brightness, and also, to minimize the surface roughness. Importantly, regression models of the response variables were developed. These models could help industrial applications by providing definitive process conditions to obtain Zn coatings at a desired thickness, roughness and brightness with a high current efficiency. First, preliminary studies were conducted to determine the initial levels of the designated factors. Then, the optimization was conducted through the Central Composite Design by Design-Expert (trial version). Upon completion of the optimization, analysis of variance was also performed. The optimum values of current density, coating duration and ZnCl<sub>2</sub> concentration were determined as 3.7 A/dm<sup>2</sup>, 4.4 minutes, and 50 g/L, respectively, at a thickness of 6 µm. Finally, a set of Zn films were deposited at this optimum conditions. The characterization of these films showed that the experimental results were in good accordance with model predictions, providing a bright ( $L^*=83.69$ ) and smooth ( $R_a=0.75$  µm) coating with excellent adhesion to steel substrate (pull-off strength > 29.4 MPa) at a current efficiency of 98.7%.

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**Keywords:** Electrogalvanizing, Central composite design, Zinc coating, Electrodeposition

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