

Enhanced Dielectric and Energy Storage Properties of the (200)-oriented Plate-like $\text{Na}_{0.5}\text{Bi}_{0.5}\text{TiO}_3$ /Polyimide Composite Materials

Shuangshuang Yue¹, Baoquan Wan¹, Haiyu Li¹, Yunying Liu², Qiwei Zhang^{1,*}

¹ School of Materials and Metallurgy, Inner Mongolia University of Science and Technology, 7# Arding Street, Kun District, Baotou 014010, China

² School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Inner Mongolia University of Science and Technology, 7# Arding Street, Kun District, Baotou 014010, China

*E-mail: zqw8000@imust.edu.cn

doi: 10.20964/2019.02.78

Received: 27 September 2018 / Accepted: 5 November 2018 / Published: 5 January 2019

Ferroelectric/polymer composites capable of possessing high dielectric constant, excellent flexibility and withstanding high electric field have been considered as promising candidates for embedded capacitor applications, or other energy storage/transfer devices. However, conventional ferroelectric particle composites only exhibit high dielectric enhancement at a high fraction, and cannot withstand high breakdown electric fields. Compared with particle fillers, the plate-like ferroelectrics with obvious anisotropic dielectric behaviors exhibit excellent dielectric properties in a co-plane orientation. Here we reported a new polyimide based composite material with the (200) oriented plate-like $\text{Na}_{0.5}\text{Bi}_{0.5}\text{TiO}_3$ powders as fillers. The results showed that the plate-like $\text{Na}_{0.5}\text{Bi}_{0.5}\text{TiO}_3$ fillers lead to a obviously increase of dielectric constant for polyimide composites ($\epsilon_r=14.00$) at a very low content when $\text{Na}_{0.5}\text{Bi}_{0.5}\text{TiO}_3$ content is about 5 wt%, which is 4.03 times as large as that of pure polyimide ($\epsilon_r=3.47$) while maintaining a relatively low loss ($\text{tg}\delta=0.0061$) and high breakdown strength (1412 kV/cm). The measured energy density with 5 wt% $\text{Na}_{0.5}\text{Bi}_{0.5}\text{TiO}_3$ content increased to a value of 1.24 J/cm³, higher than that of pure polyimide (0.67 J/cm³). The result indicates that the composite could have potential applications in embedded capacitors and microelectronic applications.

Keywords: Polymer-matrix composites; Plate-like ferroelectrics; Dielectric constant; Energy density; Embedded capacitors

[FULL TEXT](#)

© 2019 The Authors. Published by ESG (www.electrochemsci.org). This article is an open access article distributed under the terms and conditions of the Creative Commons Attribution license (<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>).