Electrochemical Detection of Vitamin D2 and D3 Based on a Au-Pd Modified Glassy Carbon Electrode

Kun Men¹, Yu Chen², Jinbiao Liu³ and Dianjun Wei^{1,*}

¹ Department of clinical laboratory, The Second hospital of Tianjin Medical University, Tianjin, 300211, China
² Department of Endocrinology, The Second hospital of Tianjin Medical University, Tianjin, 300211, China
³ Instrumental Analysis Center, School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Tianjin University of Technology, Tianjin, 300384, China
*E-mail: dianjunwei0912@163.com

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In this work, the synthesis of AuPd bimetallic nanocrystals in an aqueous solution using a stabilizing agent and a reductant of triblock copolymer P123 and ascorbic acid, respectively, was proposed. Vitamins D_2 and D_3 were electrochemically detected in a mixed organic/water solution based on a glassy carbon electrode (GCE) modified by AuPd. The electrocatalytic response of D vitamins on the GCE surface was greatly affected by the organic/water ratio of the mixture. In the presence of the support electrolyte (lithium perchlorate), vitamins D_2 and D_3 exhibited well-defined peaks when the ethanol/water ratio was 40%/60%. This work also suggested the high sensitivity of the GCE toward the detection of vitamins D_2 and D_3 . During the detection of vitamins A, K and E showed no obvious interference effects.

Keywords: Bimetallic nanocrystals; Vitamin D; Electrochemical determination; glassy carbon electrode; Osteoporosis

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